

Safecom - Power Booster (US) Increasing the power area covered by power supply.

87V -15A AC/AC Stabilizer –Zero Crossing technology & RF-PASS 1-GHz

Patented Power Booster solves the power distribution problem in a CATV network caused by high-resistance and low energy-efficient coax or electric cables.

Passive, standalone element, **life time operation & ONLINE (Zero Crossing patented technology)**. 15A 30-87Vac (US)/ 15A 30-64Vac (EU).



The unit ensures the optimal voltage levels required at remote locations by optical nodes, trunk amplifiers, and line extenders overcoming voltage drop along the power or coaxial cable. Increasing the distance between remote power sources leads to a reduction in the number of power insertion points across the network, less power supplies (especially under-loaded power supplies are unnecessary), less street cabinets and permits are needed and less flat fees to the utility company for each of the power supply (even if it was never used).

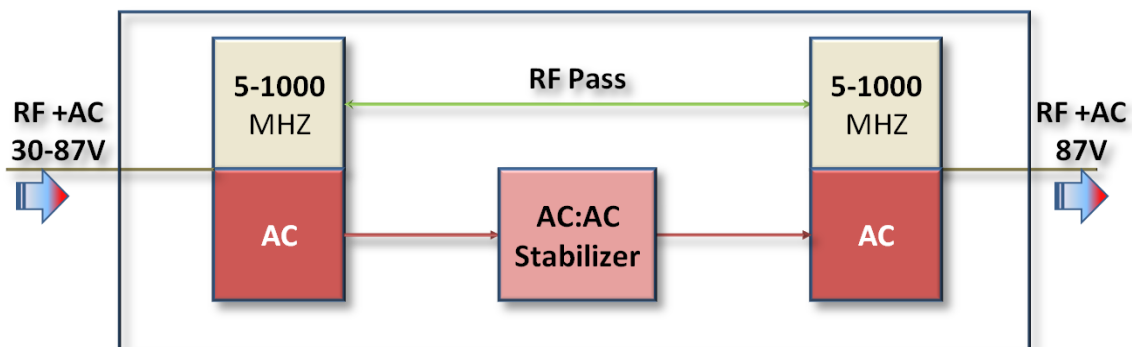
Safecom's cost-saving patented Power Booster compensate the voltage drop over coax cable and enables to utilize the DPS remote backup technology between distant locations. The Power Booster can be seamlessly connected via cable to the DPS4 enabling robust power redundancy system and overcome the range limitation of the previous DPS generations. In addition to HFC networks, the power booster now enables back up to Deep Fiber networks with central powering using existing coax infrastructure between powering centers.

- ✓ RF Pass 5-1000MHz.
- ✓ US 90V Standard & Europe 60V.
- ✓ Support full 15A rms input /output.
- ✓ Smooth transfer between gears –Zero Crossing Technology.
- ✓ Lifetime operation.
- ✓ Top-efficiency -Genius Toroidal Transformer.
- ✓ Electronic 15A Overload Protection.
- ✓ Weatherproof Enclosure.
- ✓ Wall or Pole Mounted.
- ✓ Automatic Standby mode.
- ✓ Opposite connection protected.
- ✓ Input & Out Surge Protection
- ✓ Protecting downstream network failures caused by inrush current, low voltage and current overload.

Specification:

Electronic		
Input Frequency (Hz)		50/60 Hz
Max Output Current (A)		15A
Max Input Current		15A
Self current Load		80mA(EU) 190mA(US)
US 87V	Input operating Voltage range (Vac)	30 ÷ 90 Vac (US)
	Optimal Voltage range	51-90Vac
	Voltage gain ratio (input 78-90 Vac)	1:1.01
	Voltage gain ratio (68-78)	1:1.15
	Voltage gain ratio(58.5-68Vac)	1:1.33
	Voltage gain ratio (input below 58.5Vac)	1:1.52
EU 61V	Input operating Voltage range (Vac)	30 ÷ 65 Vac (EU)
	Optimal Voltage range	37-65 Vac
	Voltage gain ratio (input 56-64 Vac)	1:1.01
	Voltage gain ratio (49-56 Vac)	1:1.14
	Voltage gain ratio (42-49 Vac)	1:1.36
	Voltage gain ratio (30-42 Vac)	1:1.57
Load Regulation (%)		<2%
Efficiency (%)		>96%
Transfer time (0 sec)		ONLINE
Standard Features		
Direct Connection In / Out 5/8 inch		√
Electronic Overload protection		√
Power Booster indication Green /Red LED		√
Auto Standby mode		√

Mechanical		
Dimensions (L , W , H) mm		250 X 200 X 152
Weight (Kg/lbs)		6/13.2
Connector 5/8 inch		√
Environment		
Operating Temperature		-40°C ÷ +65°C
Storage Temperature		-40°C ÷ +70°C
Humidity (waterproof) IPX8		0 ÷ 100%
Corrosion		ASTM B 336Hr
Finishes		Chromate Conversion
RF		
Bandwidth		5-1000MHz
Impedance		75 Ohm
Through loss 5-250 MHz		< 0.5 dB
Through loss 250-500 MHz		< 0.7 dB
Through loss 500-700 MHz		< 0.9 dB
Through loss 700-800 MHz		< 1.0 dB
Through loss 800-900 MHz		< 1.2 dB
Through loss 900-1000 MHz		< 1.5 dB
Return Loss		> 20 dB
RFI		130 dB
Hum Modulation		> 65dB



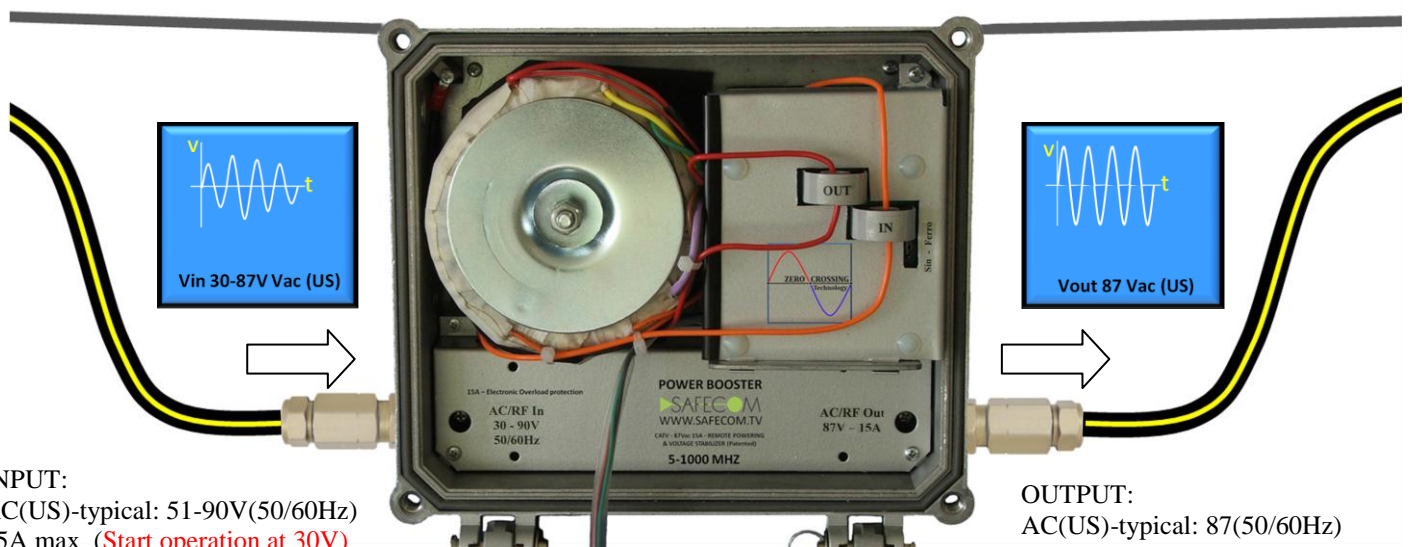
Test report for Power Booster 90V-15A (US) PB90V15A4

Scope:

To perform the test of Power Booster performance over a full input voltage range with variable load from the no-load condition and up to the Current Limit range.

Identification:

The appliance had the following marking plate:



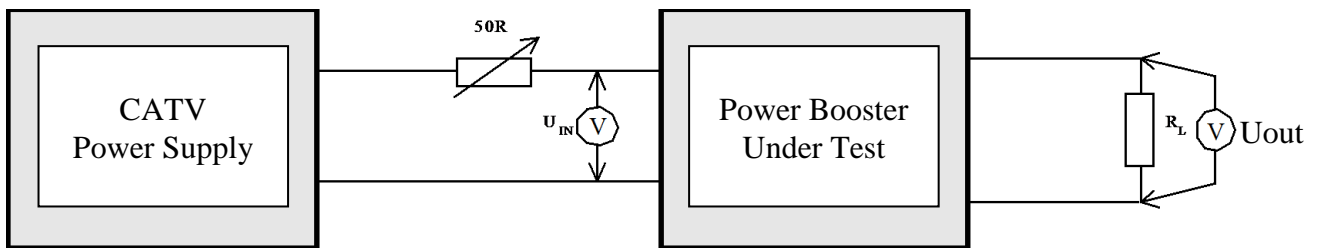
INPUT:
AC(US)-typical: 51-90V(50/60Hz)
15A max (Start operation at 30V)
RF-Pass : 5-1000 MHZ.

OUTPUT:
AC(US)-typical: 87(50/60Hz)
15A max
RF-Pass : 5-1000 MHZ.

Lab test procedure:

1. Connect Unit Under Test (UUT) to a ferro-resonant or Pure Sine Power Supply through a variable resistor (simulating a coax cable).
2. Connect a True RMS Volt Meter to the input and to the output of the UUT.
3. Set the resistor to minimize resistance.
4. Turn on the power supply, the indicator LED should light in Red for two seconds and turns to the green indicating presence of regular output voltage.
5. Change the input variable resistor to obtain input voltage of 30Vac and record the output voltage, calculate the gear gain.
6. Change the input variable resistor to obtain input voltage that would cause transition from the 1st to the 2nd gear, record input and output voltage before and after the transition and calculate the gear gain.
7. Repeat step 6 for all the designed input voltage range up to 64Vac.
8. Measure & record no-load input current.
9. Turn off the power supply and connect a variable load resistor (10Ω – 1KW) to the UUT output.
10. Turn on the UUT.
11. Perform Load Regulation; maintain a constant input voltage of 55V and change the load to achieve load current between no-load & up to the current that would cause the input current limit.
12. Repeat steps 6 & 7 with an output load of 8A.
13. Check & record input current limit for all input voltage ranges.
14. Turn off the Power Supply & disconnect UUT from the test bench.




Test bench:



Test report:

Voltage & Current Measurements:

No-Load Test:

	U _{IN}	U _{OUT}	Gain	Gear Transfer	
	30.0V (Min) Start operate	46.7V	1.52	4	
	40.0V	61.1V	1.52	4	
Optimal Range(US standard)	51.3V	78.0V	1.52	4	
	58.5V	89.9V	1.52	4	
	58.6V	77.6V	1.33	3	
	67.3V	89.5V	1.33	3	
	67.4V	77.6V	1.15	2	
	77.3V	89.9V	1.15	2	
	77.4V	77.6V	1.00	1	
	86.0V	86.3V	1.003	1	
	89.7V	90.0V	1.003	1	

No load input current: ~160mA @ 50/60Hz

Load Regulation:

U _{IN}	U _{OUT}	I _{out}
75.0V	87.25V	0A
75.0V	86.9V	2.0A
75.0V	86.5V	4.0A
75.0V	86.1V	6.0A
75.0V	85.9V	8.0A
75.0V	85.6V	10.0A
75.0V	85.4V	12.0A
75.0V	85.3V	12.8A ⁽¹⁾

Notes:
1. UUT was in Gear #2, input overload current limit of 15A was activated.

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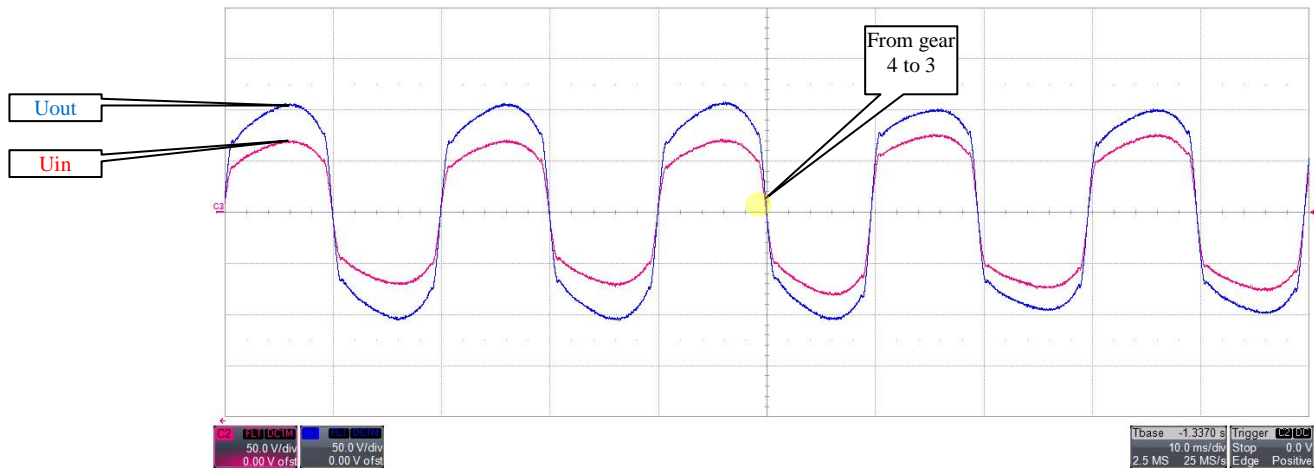
Input current limit: 15A±0.5A

Gear transitions under load:

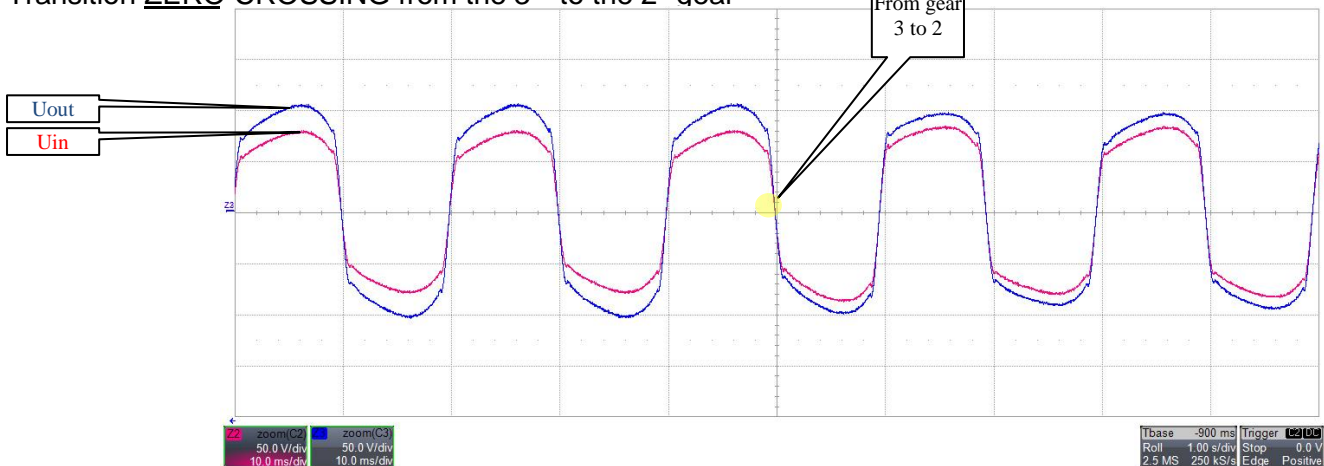
U _{IN}	U _{OUT}	I _{out}
40.0V	57.7V	8.0A
58.8V	86.0V	8.0A
67.0V	87.5V	8.0A
77.7V	88.0V	8.0A
85.2V	83.7V	8.0A

Waveforms: ZERO CROSSING TECHNOLOGY (P.S Quasi-square wave Ferro-resonance)

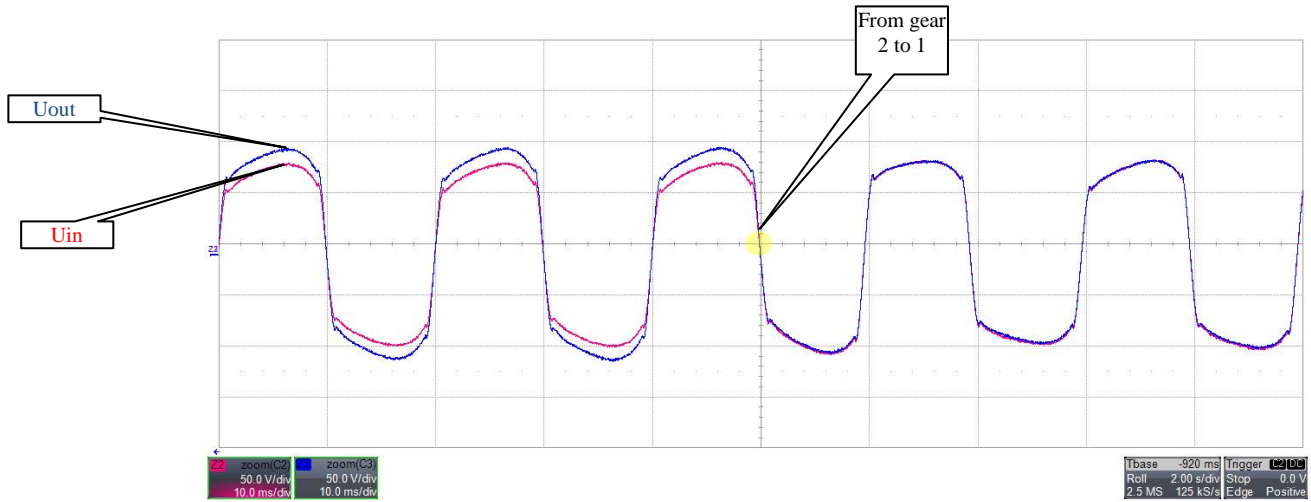
Transition ZERO CROSSING from the 4st to the 3nd gear



Transition ZERO CROSSING from the 3nd to the 2^d gear



Transition ZERO CROSSING from the 2nd to the 1^d gear



The transitions were tested @ $I_{OUT} = 3A_{RMS}$

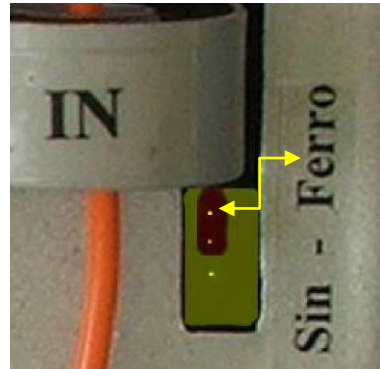
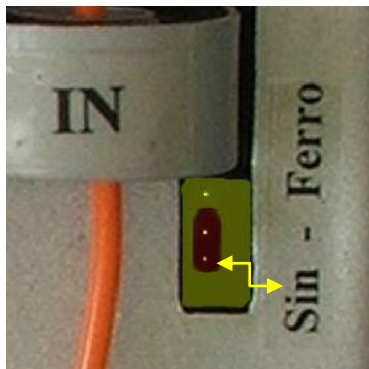
Inspected by: Michael Militinsky

Signature: _____

Date: 07.01.2013

Power Booster configuration

Power Booster includes a **jumper connector** on the PCB that enables to use the Power Booster with pure sine wave (T-Former) & with the Quasi-square wave (Ferro-resonance PS).



B. RF test / Insertion & Return Loss 5-1000 MHz.

